

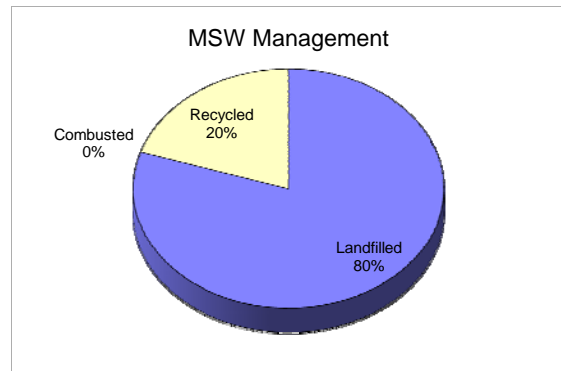
Gilchrist

(Jan. 1, 2003 - Dec. 31, 2003)

1. Population¹ 15,517

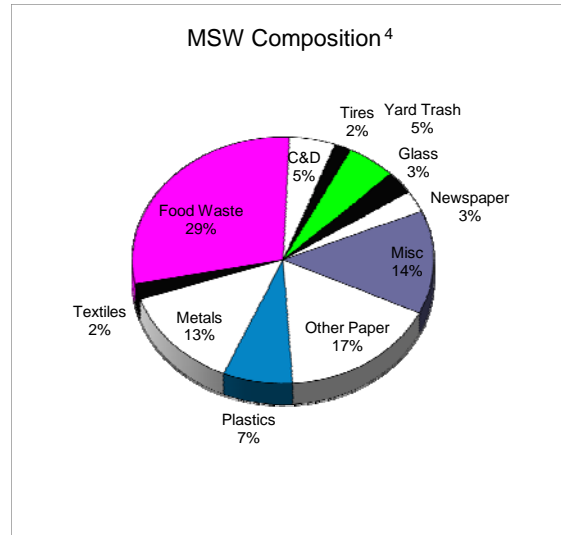
2. MSW Management (tons)²

A. Landfilled	5,755
B. Combusted	0
C. Recycled	1,443
D. Total	7,198
E. Total Pounds per Capita Per Day	2.54



3. MSW Collected & Recycled

	Collected (tons)	Recycled (%)
A. Minimum 4 of 8 ³		
1. Newspaper	204	53%
2. Glass	218	30%
3. Aluminum Cans	42	19%
4. Plastic Bottles	127	27%
5. Steel Cans	70	0%
6. Cardboard	550	80%
7. Office Paper	106	1%
8. Yard Trash	380	0%



B. Other Recyclables

9. C&D Debris	353	0%
10. White Goods	99	0%
11. Tires	128	73%
12. Process Fuel	0	0%

C. Other Wastes 4,921 20%

D. Total Recycling Rate (%) 20%

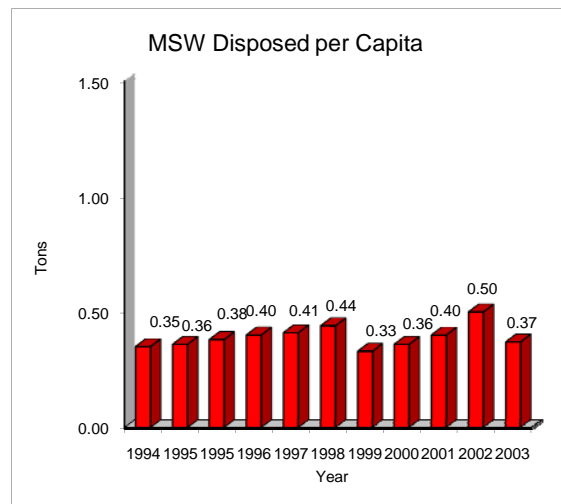
E. Adjusted Recycling Rate (%)⁵ 20%

F. % Change In Waste Reduction Per Capita from Year to Year
(A negative number indicates an increase in the MSW disposal rate per capita.)

Year	MSW tons per capita	% Change
1998	0.44	6%
1999	0.33	-26%
2000	0.36	10%
2001	0.40	12%
2002	0.50	24%
2003	0.37	-27%

G. Participation in Recycling⁶

	Units	Percent ⁷
1. Single-family Curbside	5,979	10%
2. Multi-family Curbside ⁸	150	33%
3. Commercial ⁹	250	
a) Scheduled collection		0%
b) On call collection		0%



¹ Official 2003 Governor's Office estimate.

² From 2003 Municipal Solid Waste Data Report.

³ Counties must recycle a significant portion for a minimum of 4 out of 8 of these materials.

⁴ Some materials have been combined: Metals include Aluminum Cans, Steel Cans, Ferrous and Non-ferrous metals, and White Goods; Other Paper includes Corrugated, Office and Other Paper; and Plastics include Plastic Bottles and Other Plastics.

⁵ The legislature established a goal of 30 percent for all counties with a population of over 100,000.

⁶ Participation means availability and usage of recycling services.

⁷ Percentage of total county units (single/multi-family dwellings and commercial establishments) participating in recycling.

⁸ Includes apartments, condominiums and others.

⁹ May also include government and institutional.

* Calendar year data.